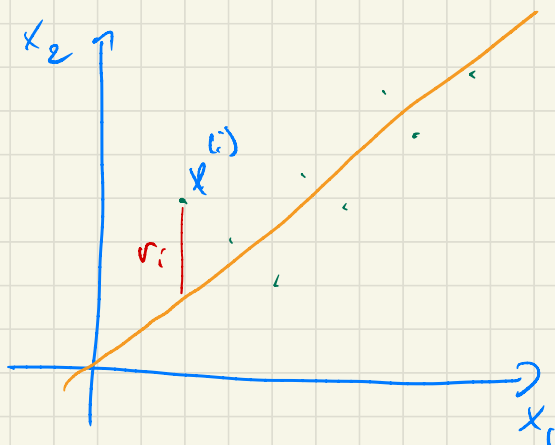


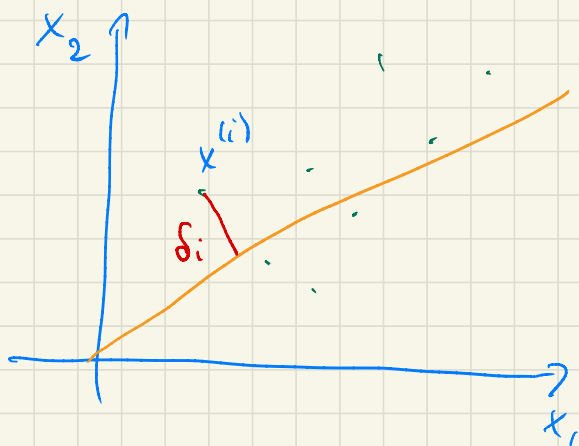
8.9.2020 PCA



In linear regression,
minimize

$$\sum_i \underbrace{(x_2^{(i)} - v \cdot x_1^{(i)})^2}_{r_i^2}$$

$v \in \mathbb{R}$



In PCA, minimize

$$\sum_i \underbrace{\left(x^{(i)} - w \cdot (w^T x^{(i)}) \right)^2}_{\delta_i^2}$$

$w \in \mathbb{R}^2$

Empirical covariance of $D = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$, $x_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$

is $\Sigma = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \hat{\mu})(x_i - \hat{\mu})^T$, where

$\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$. In PCA, assume data is centered (i.e., $\hat{\mu} = 0$)